

ESTABLISHED 1861

# TREMENDOUS INFANTRY ADVANCE FOLLOWS LULL OF FIVE DAYS' TITANIC ARTILLERY DUEL

## SUPREME CONFLICT OF FRENCH CAMPAIGN IS NOW DEVELOPING

**Position of the German Forces Brings News of Confident Ring From Berlin with Shortage of Ammunition Rectified And Supplied and Reinforcements Being Sent Forward Without Trouble at This Time**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The official information bureau today gave out the following statement regarding the situation in France:  
"The situation remains unchanged. A counter attack against the First division delivered during the night was driven back.  
"The weather is bad and it is raining continuously."

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The battle of the Aisne now in its sixth day beginning as a rear guard action has developed into the supreme conflict of the French campaign. The latest official news sets forth that there has been a lull in the titanic artillery duel. This is taken to indicate that today's struggle may be marked by a tremendous advance of infantry.

The news from Berlin concerning the position of the German forces has a more confident ring. The admission has been made that the German army was short of ammunition but this shortage has been rectified and supplied and re-enforcements are being sent forward without trouble.

### BOTH SIDES ARE EXHAUSTED

A French officer, who has just returned from the battle front, is authority for the statement that the strain on both sides of the line in France promises soon to get beyond human endurance. He likens the antagonists to two exhausted pugilists and states that soon they will be unable to inflict further punishment on each other. If this situation develops the only possible way for the allies to prevent a weary and disheartening winter campaign, it is argued here, will be a successful assault on the German communication. Such an assault, it is admitted by the allies, will not be an easy matter. The Belgian army in harrying the invaders probably prevents the despatch of any great part of the German army now occupying Belgium to re-enforce their countrymen in France but the Belgian forces are not strong enough seriously to interfere with communication while the allies must break through some part of the line or turn the German right before they can effectively threaten the communication of the invaders.

The most cruel aspect from the British standpoint of the terrible battle now raging in the western arena of the war is the dreadful apprehension with which the British public awaits the publication of the casualty list of last week's fighting. Many of Great Britain's most famous regiments are reported to have been mowed down in the terrific assault on the heights held by the Germans above the river Aisne. The German public also may expect a shock in this regard for the battlefield already swept over gives evidence, according to reports received here, that the famous Prussian guard corps has been virtually wiped out.

### RUSSIANS ARREST GERMAN ADVANCE

Petrograd reports that General Rennenkamps has definitely arrested the German advance.

The Austrians in a persistent effort to save the remnants of their army and re-establish it as a fighting force have, according to reports from Vienna, fortified their extended new defensive front from Drohobycz, southwest of Lemberg, to Cracow with the center on Przemyśl. An attack on the Przemyśl fort is expected at once from the Russians under command of General Huszky and General Brussloff. One report which reaches London from Galicia declares that the Austrian cavalry has been entirely wiped out. This may account for the fortification of the Austrian line instead of its continued retreat toward Cracow.

From many points in the dual monarchy come disquieting reports. Pola, the naval base on the Adriatic, is said to be in revolt while the people of Vienna, refusing longer to have their attention diverted toward the west, are demanding news of the situation in Galicia from which district hordes of refugees pour and wounded Austrian soldiers are pouring into the capital daily. Violent scenes outside the ministry of war building are reported.

### GERMANS CLAIM PROGRESS

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BERLIN, by wireless, via Sayville, L. I., Sept. 19.—The following official statement from the German headquarters was issued today:

"It is reported that a decisive attack is being made by the Thirteenth and Fourth army corps and parts of other German corps south of Noyon.  
"Beaumont has been stormed and 2,500 French prisoners captured.

"Attacks along the entire battle line are being easily repulsed.  
"Many guns and prisoners have been captured though the number is not yet available.

"The invasion of the Alpine riflemen over the Vosges to the Breifach valley has been repulsed.

"The German eastern continues its operations in Suwalki province and is advancing against the Russian forces.

"Despatches from Agram report that the victory over the Servians was far greater than at first believed.

"The Servians were completely routed and were driven in flight across the Save river. Many were drowned."

## GERMANS GIVE WAY ON THE RIGHT WING

### FOREIGN TRADE BILL INTRODUCED BY MOSS

#### ORDERS

Are Entered in Several Cases Pending in the Circuit Court Here.

In the circuit court Saturday the Farmers Bank of Shinnston took a judgment for \$810 against J. W. Duncanson et al and for \$2,425 against Carl Duncanson et al.

Demurrers were overruled and pleas entered in the cases of J. W. Harbert Susan M. Gaylord, M. C. Britton and R. F. Fawcett against the city.

Sale was confirmed in the cause of F. A. Wilson against Guy Lyon et al. Answer to amended bill was filed in the cause of Emily E. Bramer against John W. Groves.

Sale was decreed in the cause of Thomas T. Linville against John R. Linville et al.

Final decree was entered in the cause of Ellsworth Pittro against David L. Maxwell making an injunction permanent and establishing a right of way.

Final report was made in the cause of V. L. Highland against James G. Smith et al.

#### MR. JACOBS

Prominent Milwaukee Socialist is to Make Two Campaign Speeches Here.

William J. Jacobs, a prominent Milwaukee Socialist, who is a national figure in the Socialist movement, has been engaged to tour West Virginia, to speak in the principal cities. He will make two speeches here, one in the Northwest park at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, and the other in the court house at 8 o'clock Monday evening.

Mr. Jacobs has served in many campaigns. In 1910 he was Socialist candidate for governor of Wisconsin. The Socialists of this county are flattered to present this able exponent of their cause. Mr. Jacobs will use as his subject Sunday afternoon "Socialism—What it is Not." His subject for Monday will be "Forces Making for Socialism."

#### BARNETT THANKFUL

C. C. Barnett writes from Boulder, Colo., as follows:

I sincerely thank officials of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, railroad boys, Knights of Pythias and M. G. Cunningham for my transportation and financial aid given me to help fight for my life against the white plague.

## SECRETARY M'ADOO IS QUITE INDIGNANT

Over Hoarding of Money by the Southern Banks Far Beyond Required Reserve.

(SPECIAL TO THE TELEGRAM)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 19.—Simultaneous with the arrival of a batch of petitions from West Virginia bankers protesting against a "war" revenue tax on their capital stock, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo has become aroused and indignant over the hoarding of money by banks far beyond the required fifteen per cent reserve. According to Mr. McAdoo this "pernicious habit" is more prevalent in the South and West Virginia is in the list of those states where some "unpatriotic" bankers are hoarding up the money and withholding support to the legitimate business of their respective communities. Secretary McAdoo is considering means to stop the practice. While he does not contemplate going so far as to revoke the charters of offending banks, he is making it plain that those banks coming in disfavor because of their hoarding of currency, will receive scant favor from the treasury department when they need it.

Members of the reserve board and of the banking committee in Congress are confident that there is sufficient currency in the banks to meet all needs, if the banks can be led to use, instead of hoarding it, but when it was learned that this bank was keeping a reserve of 35 per cent, when he was only required to keep fifteen per cent, the secretary became vigorously expressive of his attitude and turned down the applicant.

J. W. Johnson, of Bristol, was in the city Saturday.

Michael B. Post, a Jarrsville merchant, visited the city Saturday.

From This State in the Lower House of the Congress of the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 19.—Congressman Hunter H. Moss today introduced a bill in the House which attracted attention. It is the second bill suggested to him by the opportunities for increasing our foreign commerce which the European war has created. The first bill was a comprehensive plan to acquire a fleet of vessels as a nucleus for a merchant marine, which vessels should be held as a part of the naval fleet in time of war.

The bill he offered today was one to establish and maintain a publicity bureau to collect and distribute information concerning the products of the United States for the purpose of cultivating more extensive trade relations with foreign countries.

The bill provides for the appointment of a chief of the proposed publicity bureau by the president, and one representative from each of the following departments: State, treasury, war, justice, postoffice, navy, interior, agriculture, commerce and labor. These department representatives are to be appointed by the secretary at the head of each department, and shall be selected from the regular force, and shall receive an extra compensation by reason of their membership of the bureau. The chief of the bureau, however, is to receive a salary of \$10,000 per annum and shall devote his entire time to the business of the bureau. Also, he is authorized to employ what clerical assistants he requires for the operation of the bureau. The bill makes provision for the publication and distribution of monthly reports, provides for the co-operation of the consular service and an initial appropriation of \$50,000 for the establishment of the bureau.

Section 4 of the bill specifically mentions some of the duties of the proposed new bureau: "It shall be the duty of such publicity bureau to investigate fully our present trade relations with foreign countries; to obtain all possible information as to the nature and variety of the products of the United States and the extent to which they are exported to foreign countries; to suggest ways and means by which such export trade shall be enlarged and extended; to investigate the particular nature of the needs and wants of the citizens of such foreign countries, and the methods by which they may be supplied; to give wide publicity in foreign countries to facts concerning the nature, variety and price of the products of the United States; and, in general, to promote in every possible legitimate manner the formation of closer and more extensive trade relations with other countries."

Judge Moss expects to appear before the committee, to which the bill was referred, in the next few days, and argue for a favorable report on it.

### FILIBUSTERS

Are to Win a Victory by Abandonment of Present River and Harbor Bill.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The day and night fight on the river and harbor bill in the Senate showed signs of a brilliant victory for the filibustering Republicans when it became known that President Wilson favored abandoning the bill and substituting a new resolution to appropriate twelve million dollars to continue only those projects under way. The original bill proposed \$53,000,000 for the river and harbor improvements. The bill should be abandoned in its present form because government revenues already falling because of the European war must be supplemented by a war tax. The economy measure will extend all along the line even increases in salaries to officials will be abandoned.

#### BOBBERS ARE CAUGHT.

MOMBESY, Ill., Sept. 19.—Two of the five men, who are alleged to have robbed Mrs. Nellie Clark, of Kankakee, of diamonds and jewelry valued at \$50,000, were captured today in a cornfield near here. Eight diamond rings, said to be the property of Mrs. Clark, were found on them.

#### NO QUORUM.

As the city council had no quorum Friday evening, it was decided to defer the meeting of that body until Tuesday evening.

**According to British And French Assertions And the Battle of Aisne May Follow the Course of That at Marne.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.—If reliance can be placed on the British and French assertions that the right wing of the German army, which stretches along northeastern France is slowly yielding, then the battle of the Aisne seems likely to follow the course of the battle of the Marne for it was the German right which first fell back across the river.

Along the 150 mile front, the rear of which is marked with graves of thousands, two armies comprising millions of men, rapidly approaching exhaustion and standing in trenches deep with water, await an opportunity to drive a wedge through the opposing lines and thus end the terrible strain which must last so long as Emperor William's troops hold their new strongly entrenched positions and as long as the allied forces can face the murderous hail of projectiles from their opponents.

### SUPREME EFFORT IS NECESSARY

Both the French and British realize and admit that it will take almost a superhuman effort to win the strength of the German positions being emphasized in almost every despatch from the front.

Those in London closely following the war base the chief hope of the allies in a possible envelopment of the German right wing under General Von Kluck, who, heretofore has shown himself a master of strategy. Renewed activity on the part of the allied cavalry and a significant movement of allied troops to the north and west of the German line of communication together with a possible advance of fresh allied troops from the northwest through Amiens gives expression to these hopes.

Eye witnesses and surgeons testify to a paradox on the modern battlefield, the recurring frequency of hand to hand fighting which so many military men predicted was a thing of the past. Bayonet wounds and other cumulative evidence, however, show that the soldiers have been engaged in a death grip during which they resorted to their sidearms and in some cases to their hands.

### BURIAL OF BATTLEFIELD DEAD

Another fact which stands out among the accounts of the hostilities is the utter prodigality with which the Germans go forward man after man in close formation in an attempt to carry a position. The tremendous losses they have suffered seem not to have changed these tactics.

Burial of the dead on the battlefield goes on steadily. German prisoners are being forced to perform this task behind the allies line, where thousands of their comrades fell after the French and British advance.

### GERMANS STRONGLY ENTRENCHED

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

PARIS, Sept. 19.—The Germans are strongly entrenching on the river Aisne with re-enforcements from Lorraine, according to official announcement made in Paris this afternoon.

The text of the statement is as follows:  
"First, on our left wing, on the right bank of the river Oise, in the direction of Noyon, we have advanced. We hold all the  
"First, on our left wing, on the right bank of the river Oise, seems to be reinforcing himself by the bringing of troops from Lorraine.

"Second, on the center, the Germans have not moved from the deep trenches constructed by them. On our right wing the army of the crown prince continues its movement of retreat. Our advance in Lorraine is regular.

"Summing up, the two opposing armies strongly entrenched are delivering partial attacks along the entire front without it being possible to record any decisive result for one side or the other."

### AUSTRIAN STEAMER CAPTURED

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The Star has published a despatch from Rome saying that warships cruising in the Adriatic have captured an Austrian steamer, flying the Greek flag, loaded with arms and ammunition bound for Albania.

### JAPANESE TROOPS LAND

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

TOKIO, Japan, Sept. 19.—The Japanese imperial troops cooperating with the Japanese fleet landed at Laoshan bay September 18, according to official announcement made today.

The cavalry on September 17 captured Kiao-Chow station and seized a train. Among the passengers was the president of the Shan-Tung railway, who was made a prisoner. There was no resistance to the Japanese landing at Laoshan. A general attack on Tsing-Tau is thought here to be imminent.

### TWO BELGIAN TOWNS ARE NOW FREE OF GERMANS

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS)

ANTWERP, via London, Sept. 19.—The Telegram reports that the towns of Dendermonde and Londerzeel have been liberated by the Belgians.

east of Ghent. Londerzeel is eleven miles from Antwerp. Dendermonde is a fortified Belgian town in East Flanders sixteen miles from Brussels.